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Memorandum

To: LaDonna Turner, Site Assessment Manager
Technical and Enforcement Branch
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region 6

Date: September 10, 2009

From: Dana Bahar, Manager, Superfund Oversight Section
Ground Water Quality Bureau, New Mexico Environment
Department

Subject: Pre-CERCLIS Screening Assessment of Beacon Hill Gossett
mine, McKinley County, New Mexico: Further action under
CERCLA is recommended

Site name	Beacon Hill Gossett mine	Street address	not applicable
City	not applicable	State	New Mexico
County	McKinley	Zip code	not applicable
Latitude	35° 20' 55.17" N	Longitude	107° 49' 27.82" W

Site physical description: The Beacon Hill Gossett minesite currently has numerous waste piles, and an open vent shaft remaining from past uranium mining activities. Some waste piles emit elevated levels of radioactivity in comparison to background values (assumed to be in the range of 10 to 40 counts per second [cps] from data collected at this and nearby sites), and most waste piles show evidence of erosion; some also border a drainage course that has developed from the access road to this site (see Figure 1).

Site identification: Potential alluvial ground water contamination within the Grants Mineral Belt was identified because background standards established for the contaminants of concern for ongoing remedial action associated with the Homestake Mining Company NPL site (CERCLIS NMD0007860935) are generally higher than Maximum Contaminant Levels (MCLs). The New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) conducted sampling of private residential wells in subdivisions located in the vicinity of the HMC site, and found that the majority had one or more contaminant concentrations exceeding MCLs.

Site summary: Observations made during a June 3, 2009 site visit are shown on the accompanying figures. Numerous waste piles and barren areas with elevated radioactivity

(highest radioactivity=489 cps; background=34 cps) were noted. Many waste piles are marked by erosional rills, indicating that waste has been dispersed down-stream. The remaining open vent shaft may provide a conduit for surface contamination to enter ground water. Contamination of vicinity soils and surface drainages by precipitative erosion and wind dispersion comprise the primary contaminant pathways that may be associated with this site. Additionally, site runoff of contaminated wastes may impact ground water quality either through seepage through alluvium or by direct entry to the subsurface via the open vent shaft.

Targets: Residences are located near the junction of State Hwy. 605 and 509, approximately 2.5 air-miles east of the Site. Another residence is located along Haystack Road approximately 1.5 air-miles southwest of the Site, from which another residence is visible further to the west. Other potential targets may include cattle and wildlife.

Closest well sampled to date: irrigation well SMC-22 (1.58 air-miles; 48.2 µg/l total uranium in 2009 sampling [total uranium Maximum Contaminant Level=30 µg/l])

Site ownership and Potential Responsible Parties: Surface and mineral rights reportedly are held by the Bureau of Land Management (BLM). Reserve Oil and Minerals reportedly last operated the mine in 1978, using the mine shaft as a ventilation shaft for the Poison Canyon Mine.

File review: NMED staff reviewed the following files:

- Database compiled by Mining and Minerals Division of the New Mexico Energy, Minerals, and Natural Resources Department (07/20/2007).
- Anderson, Orin J., 1980. "Abandoned or inactive uranium mines in New Mexico".
- McLemore, Virginia T. and William L. Chenoweth, 1991. "Uranium mines and deposits in the Grants district, Cibola and McKinley Counties, New Mexico." New Mexico Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources Open-file report 353.
- Rappaport, Linda, "Uranium deposits of the Poison Canyon ore trend, Grants District," in "Geology and technology of the Grants Uranium Region, 1963. State Bureau of Mines and Mineral Resources.
- U.S. Geological Survey, 1997. "Gallup quadrangle NURE HSSR study." OFR-97-492.

Site reconnaissance: NMED staff conducted a Site reconnaissance on June 3, 2009

Recommendations: A release of CERCLA hazardous substances has been documented at the site. NMED recommends further investigation under CERCLA to assess the risk posed by the site using the Hazard Ranking System.

NMED recommends that the investigation include the following:

1. Sample sediments along drainages to characterize extent of Site-derived waste dispersion.
2. Investigate and characterize ground water impacts.

In addition NMED recommends the following actions be performed to address immediate threats to public health and the environment:

1. Remove waste with elevated radioactivity.
2. Plug open vent shaft.

Ms. LaDonna Turner, EPA Region 6 Site Assessment Manager

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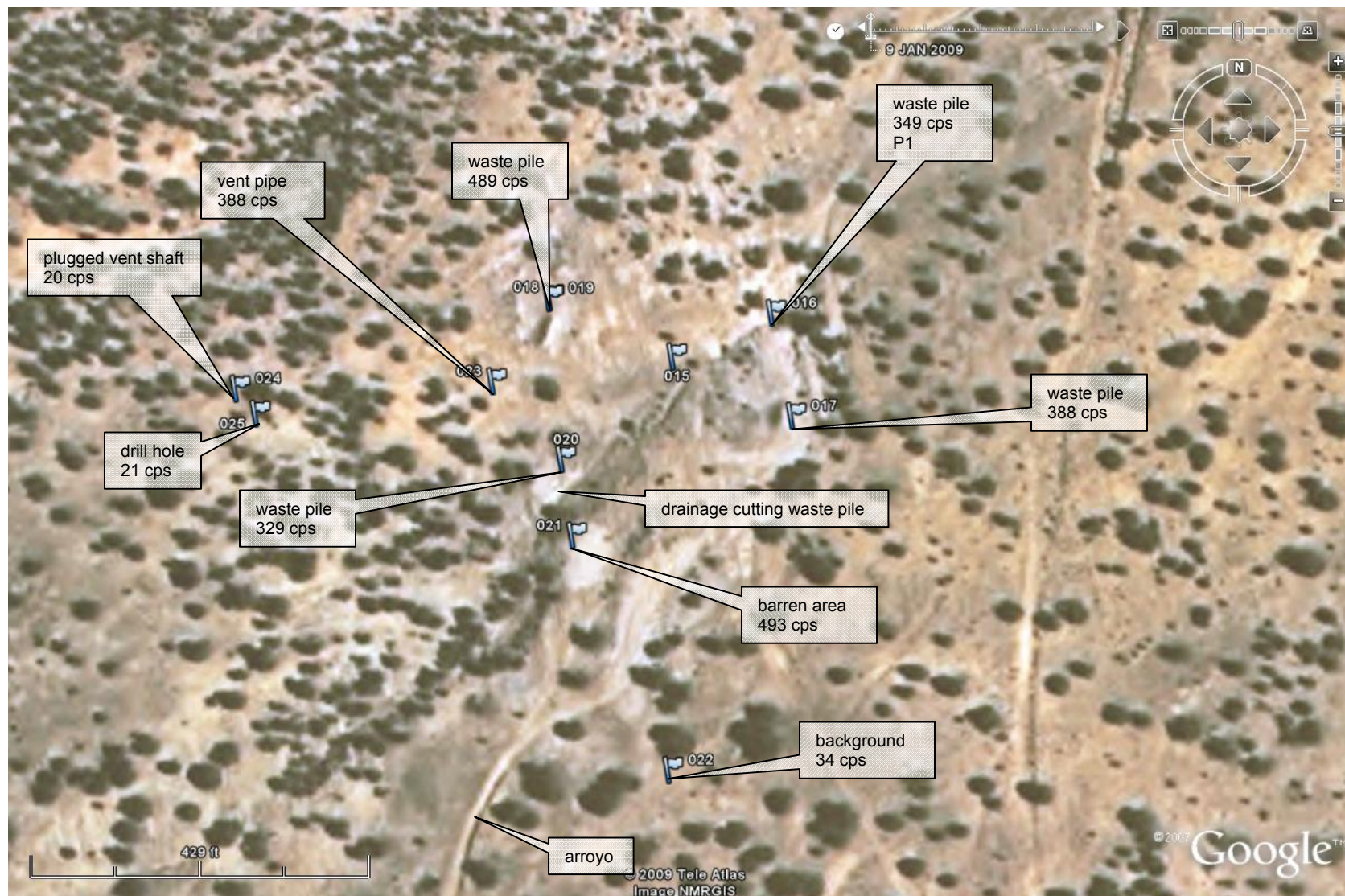


Figure 1: Beacon Hill Gossett Mine—measurements taken June 3, 2009

“Px” reference the location of photographs on pages following.

Ms. LaDonna Turner, EPA Region 6 Site Assessment Manager

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P1: Beacon Hill Gossett Mine waste pile