

#### Jack Walstad Oil Company, Inc. Lovington Facility

Interim Hydrogeologic Investigation Report (On-Site)

for Jack Walstad Oil Co., Inc. and New Mexico Environment Department

> by Billings & Associates, Inc. June 1992

# JACK WALSTAD OIL COMPANY, INC. LOVINGTON FACILITY

Interim (On-Site) Hydrogeologic Investigation Report

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.

#### **Table of Contents**

Section	Description	Page
1.0	Introduction	1
2.0	Soil Contamination	2
3.0	Free Product	5
4.0	Water Quality	6
5.0	Hydrogeology	8
6.0	Summary	10
6.0	Summary	10

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## List of Figures

Figure		
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		

8 9

#### Description

Base Map
Potentiometric Surface
Raw Slug Test Data Test #1
Raw Slug Test Data Test #2
Raw Slug Test Data Test #3
Reduced Slug Test Data Test #1
Reduced Slug Test Data Test #2
Reduced Slug Test Data Test #3
Type Curves

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## List of Appendices

Appendix	Description
Α	Soil Headspace and Lab Data
В	Lab Soil Data
С	Boring Logs
D	Well Completion Logs
Е	Organic Water Quality Data
F	Lab Water Data
G	Water Table Elevation and Free Product Data

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#### 1.0

#### Introduction

Billings & Associates, Inc. (BAI) has been contracted by Jack Walstad Oil, Co. (Walstad Oil) of Hobbs, NM to develop a hydrogeologic investigation report to fulfill obligations under §1210C of the NM Environment Department (NMED) UST Corrective Action Regulations (USTR). The original scope of work was limited to onsite activities. Contamination was observed to such an extent that legal access to offsite areas is required to fully define the extent and possible sources of such contamination. This report describes those interim on-site activities performed to date. When appropriate access is obtained, an associated off-site hydrogeologic investigation report will be submitted. The two documents together could then be considered as a complete investigation pursuant to USTR §1210C.

The site under investigation is a closed Phillips 66 station at the Northwest corner of Main Street and US Highway 82 (NM 83) in Lovington, New Mexico. Prior work has been done at the facility by AEI Tank, Inc. of Clovis, NM beginning July 30, 1991. A report of those activities was presented by AEI to Walstad Oil and the NMED in April of 1992. A brief synopsis of the prior work is as follows: A set of shallow bores (<15 feet) were advanced around the site on July 30 - 31, 1991 which revealed soil contamination in excess of state action levels. Beginning in early November, 1991 four or five (report unclear) underground storage tanks were removed which previously stored unleaded gasolines of various grades and diesel. The associated piping and dispensers were then removed and an over-excavation process proceeded apparently in response to the presence of contaminated soils. In December, 1991, a single soil boring was advanced somewhere on the site to a depth of 40 feet. Soil samples obtained during the boring operation were analyzed in excess of action levels. On February 5, 1992, a single monitoring well was installed and a water sample was

obtained which was contaminated above state standards. On March 13, 1992, two more wells were installed. Ground water from those wells was also found to exceed standards.

Beginning on June 8, 1992, BAI began work at the site to obtain sufficient information for the filing of a hydrogeologic investigation report. A site map showing basic features is provided as Figure 1.

#### **2.0** Soil Contamination

BAI activites initially began with the advancement of soil borings using a standard auger drilling rig. A total of six bores (see Figure 1 for locations) to a maximum depth of approximately 40 feet were completed in a two day period. Split spoon samples were taken for headspace and laboratory analysis every 5 feet in depth. The headspace samples partially filled a clean quart size "Mason" jar which was then capped with aluminum foil. The samples were allowed to heat in the sun until warm to the touch. An organic vapor meter (OVM) calibrated twice daily against a 100 ppm-v isobutylene standard was used to measure the level of soil-gas contamination in the provided headspace. A portion of each split spoon sample was placed in a 4 oz. teflon septum capped jar provided by the laboratory, labeled, and immediately placed on ice. The sample showing the highest headspace value above the action level (100 ppm) in each boring along with the deepest sample obtained from each boring were submitted to Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory in Albuquerque, NM with appropriate chain of custody for analysis of total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH). The headspace data along with a compliation of laboratory soil data is given in Appendix A. Copies of the laboratory soil report are given in Appendix B. Figure 1 shows the locations of each of the six borings (B-4 thru 9). Headspace data gathered previously by AEI (B-1; W-1, 2, and 3) is also given in Appendix A. The exact location of B-1 is not known to BAI, but is presumably in the W-1 area. Boring logs for each of the BAI supervised borings showing observed lithology are given in Appendix C.

B-4 was placed immediately north of the station within a tank excavation area. Excavation backfill was encountered for the first nine feet before entering the native caliche. Soil-gas contamination in excess of the action level was observed to approximately 25 feet below ground surface. The highest level was observed just below the backfill. Laboratory analysis of soil from 10 feet revealed a TPH level of 6700 ppm as gasoline. Silts and fine sands of increasing percentage within the caliche were observed beginning at 20 feet. A hard, fine to medium grained sandstone was encountered at 40 feet which could not be penetrated by the auger. The last splitspoon sample (35 feet) was analyzed by the lab as being less than 10 ppm TPH.

B-5 was advanced on the Southeast corner of a tank excavation area located immediately West of the station. Again backfill was encountered for 10 feet before entering caliche. A mild, hydrocarbon aroma was noted at 10 feet. Silts and fine sands within the caliche were first observed at about 17 feet. By 20 feet, a mixed diesel/gasoline aroma was observed. The sandstone was encountered at 40.5 feet. Headspace values above the action level were measured to a depth of 20 feet. Subsequent lab analysis of the 20 foot sample revealed contamination at 5800 ppm

TPH as diesel. The 35 foot sample was analyzed at less than 10 ppm TPH.

B-6 was advanced near the East dispenser island. Excavation backfill was observed to 7 feet before entering the native caliche. An appreciable fine sand content within the caliche was first noted at 32 feet. The sandstone was again encountered at 40 feet. The splitspoon samples all had a subtle sweet aroma throughout the bore more like an ether than fuel. The OVM was sensitive to whatever soil gas chemical constituent was present, measuring a peak level of 385 ppm-v at 25 feet. The 25 and 35 foot samples were analyzed by the laboratory as both being less than 10 ppm TPH. The laboratory technician noted the odor when opening the sample and initially ran both samples at a 10X dilution. When the the gas chromatograph failed to detect any compund, he ran the samples again undiluted. Again no compounds was observed.

B-7 was advanced between the southern dispensers. The first 6 feet of the bore was fill, thereafter caliche to 27 feet where an approximate 10% fine sand content was noted. Sandstone stringers were encountered beginning at 33 feet until refusal by the auger at 37 feet. Headspace values above the action level were measured to the bottom of the bore. Insufficient sample was returned from the spoon at 35 feet to allow a headspace and lab sample, thus the 10 and 30 foot samples were submitted for analysis. Subsequent lab results revealed 3400 ppm and 2500 ppm TPH (both as gasoline) from the 10 and 30 foot samples respectively.

B-8 was advanced in the Southwest corner of the property. This boring was placed in an area not previously excavated. A loamy topsoil with some caliche content was encountered for the first two feet, thereafter a hard caliche was observed. Refusal of

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#### Walstad/Lovington Site Interim Hydrogeologic Report

the auger in the hard caliche was met at 13.5 feet. There were no olfactory or headspace indications of contamination. The single lab sample from 10 feet was analyzed at less than 10 ppm TPH.

B-9 was placed in the far Northwest corner of the property. This area had not been previously excavated. Loamy topsoil was met for the first 3 feet before entering the caliche. Moderate olfactory indications of hydrocarbon were observed beginning at 5 feet. By 10 feet the sweet aroma noted in boring B-6 was observed. At a depth of 13 feet the caliche was interspersed with about 30% silt. Consistent caliche was then observed beginning at 18 feet down to 30 feet, whereupon a fine sand with no hydrocarbon aroma was encountered. Sandstone (and auger refusal) was met at a depth of 37 feet. The highest observed headspace value of 276 ppm-v came from the 10 foot sample, diminishing to less than the action level between 20 and 25 feet. Lab analysis of both the 10 and 35 foot samples indicated a TPH less than 10 ppm.

A small soil pile was found near one of the excavation areas West of the station proper. A headspace sample from 3.5 feet into the pile registered only 3.5 ppm-v and had no visual or olfactory indications of contamination.

#### **3.0** Free Product

As previously mentioned, a set of three monitoring wells were previously installed during early 1992 by AEI. Some brief period after installation, 1/16 to 1/8" of free phase hydrocarbon product was noted in some or all the wells. Each of the wells were sampled for water quality analysis in the same time period, but to BAI's knowledge the extent of product was not again checked until June 8, 1992. At that time BAI personnel checked for the presence of product in each of the wells using a clear bailer. In each well the thickness of product was observed to be greater that 30 inches (the usable length of the bailer). The product thickness was again checked by BAI on June 24, 1992 with the same outcome. These three wells are all located in the Southeast portion of the property, with W's-2 and 3 being very near the East and South boundaries respectively. Each of these wells are constructed using 4 inch diameter PVC.

Three additional monitoring wells (W-4, 5, and 6) were installed on June 23, 1992 under BAI supervision. The new wells were completed using 2 inch diameter threaded PVC casing and screens. Inspection the next day did not reveal the presence of any free product or strong aroma in the groundwater from these wells.

# **4.0**

Water Quality

Due to the inability of a standard auger to penetrate the sandstone layer encountered at an approximate depth of 40 feet across the site, no monitoring wells could be installed during the initial operations on June 8 - 10, 1992. On June 19, 1992 a variance was obtained from Steve Wild of the NMED to use an air-rotary drilling rig to emplace neccessary wells. The drilling and installation of three monitor wells was completed on June 23, 1992. No soil samples were obtained during these operations. Borings logs for the three wells can be found in Appendix C. Pertinent well information can be found in Appendix D. Each of the wells was developed shortly after completion by pumping and bailing until formation fines were no longer observed in the water. Approximate depth to water beneath the site is 55 to 60 feet. After allowing the wells to stabilize they were then sampled on June 24, 1992. A minimum of three bore volumes of ground water was removed from each well using disposable bailers immediately prior to sampling. Each sample was slowly obtained from the bottom of the bailers into two clean 40 ml volatile organic analysis bottles provided by the laboratory. Prior to filling, each bottle was spiked with two drops of a 4 molar solution of mercuric chloride (HgCl<sub>2</sub>) in distilled water as a preservative. The bottles were then capped with a septum top and carefully checked for the presence of any air bubbles. They were then labeled and refrigerated until they reached the lab with appropriate chain of custody.

The water samples were analyzed for benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, total xylenes (BTEX), and methyl tertiary butyl ether (MTBE, a gasoline oxygenating additive) by Hall Environmental Analysis Lab in Albuquerque. A tabular compliation of this organic water quality data is presented as Appendix E. Copies of the actual laboratory water analysis reports can be found in Appendix F. BTEX constituents were noted in all three wells. The level of benzene exceeded state standards in all sampled wells. The level of toluene in the sample from W-6 was in excess of state standard. MTBE was not noted in the water from any of the sampled wells.

The most probable location for the installation of a deep-screeened well for the determination of the vertical extent of groundwater contamination would be in the Southeast portion of the property where the free product exists, and thus by inference the highest dissolved-phase contamination. There is a strong concern at present that the magnitude of product in that area poses a difficulty in the proper drilling and completion

of a deep well through the product and still be able to acquire a representative sample some depth into the saturated aquifer.

### **5.0** Hydrogeology

The ground-water system in question exists in medium to fine grained, silty sands beneath a sandstone of variable thickness. Prior available information indicated a depth to water on the order of 60 feet below ground surface. This system is likely part of the greater Ogallala Aquifer. The sandstone is overlain by fine sands of variable thickness beneath a thick caliche layer to surface of varying hardness and permeability. There was a lack of visible biodegradation of contaminated soils or free product.

The previous AEI report indicates that the nearest public water supply wells are located 5 to 13 miles Southeast of Lovington. The total depth of these wells range from 60 to 180 feet.

The top of casing elevations of all on-site wells was surveyed on June 24, 1992. Static depths to water were measured in those wells not containing free product on the same day, prior to sampling. Well elevation, depth to water, and relative water table elevation information can be found in Appendix G. A map depicting the infered potentiometric surface is presented as Figure 2. The observed potentiometric gradient trends to the southeast at a rate of 0.0029 ft/ft.

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Aquifer characteristics beneath the site were quanitified by performing slug injection testing on monitoring well W-5 on June 24, 1992, after the well had been sampled for organic water quality. A fresh water slug sufficient to instantaneously raise the water level several feet above its static level was gravity injected. A down-hole pressure transducer recorded the water level response. A total of three injection events were performed consecutively on the well. The gathered data was later analyzed according to the "Cooper" method (Cooper, Bredehoeft, and Papadopoulos; WWR, 1967; Vol. 3, No. 1).

The method consists of semilogarithmically plotting the ratio of observed water level deflection above the static level to the peak head change (H/H<sub>o</sub>) versus time since the instantaneous change. The plot is then compared to a family of standard curves of H/H<sub>o</sub> versus relative transmissivity ( $\beta$ ) for various fixed values of storativity ( $\alpha$ ). The family of curves is derived by numerical solution of an integral equation representing the theoretical response of a well to instantaneous recharge. The data curve is superimposed on the set of standard curves and a matching procedure is implemented. A match point time is selected which can then be used to determine the local aquifer transmissivity. The aquifer storativity can also be broadly determined from the standard curves. The determination of storativity by such means is less accurate than that of transmissivity, as an order of magnitude change in  $\alpha$  generates an only slightly different standard curve. Storativity can be better defined by analysis of drawdown data from pumping tests. The true need for such a test and the required level of effort are clearly not dictated in this case at this time.

The raw and normalized slug test data for each of the three tests is graphically represented in Figures 3 thru 8. The set of standard curves is given as Figure 9. Using

such means the average value of transmissivity for the upper portion of the aquifer is 8  $ft^2/day$ . The average storativity is estimated at 0.02. Storativities for unconfined (water table) aquifers normally range from 0.01 to 0.3

The hydraulic conductivity of the aquifer in the immediate vicinity of the monitoring well was estimated by dividing the transmissivity by the saturated thickness intercepted by the well (total depth minus depth to water). The static saturated thickness at that time in W-5 was about 8 feet. Thus the hydraulic conductivity would then be 1 ft/day.

Based on available data, an estimate of general ground-water flow velocity (v) can be made utilizing a derivation of the Darcy equation. Using an average hydraulic gradient (i) of 0.0029 ft/ft, an effective porosity (n) between 2 and 20%, and an average hydraulic conductivity (k) of 1 ft/day, the range of groundwater velocity is within:

v = [k x i]/n = 0.015 to 0.145 ft/day = 5.3 to 53 ft/year

# 6.0

#### Summary

• Contaminated soils above the state action level exist on-site. While headspace readings of soil-gas were found above the action level at several locations about the site, lab analysis of soils reveals that contamination at the maximum augering depth (~40 feet) exists only in the B-7 area. In the other areas assessed, contamination was observed to diminish below the state action level at shallower depths.

• Free-phase hydrocarbon product on the water table exists beneath the site. The actual

apparent thickness of the product is unknown but is at least 30 inches.

• Ground water beneath the site in the three new on-site monitoring wells is contaminated above state standards. Each of these wells is in a nominal upgradient direction.

• Further investigation activities should proceed off-site to establish the extent of free product, soil and ground-water contamination. There are other potential sources for contamination in the area that should be segregated.

• Free product recovery and soil venting operations should be initiated.







Figure 3: Raw Slug Test Data Test #1 W-5 Walstad/Lovington Site 6/24/92



Figure 4: Raw Slug Test Data Test #2 W-5 Walstad/Lovington Site 6/24/92





Figure 6: Reduced Slug Test Data Test #1 W-5 Walstad/Lovington Site 6/24/92





10000 Figure 8: Reduced Slug Test Data Test #3 W-5 Walstad/Lovington Site 6/24/92 Transmissivity = 6.7 ft^2/day ŧ 1000 Storativity = 0.05 match point time = 90 seconds 100 Time (seconds) 10 0.1 0+0 0.01 0.2-0.1-H/Ho 0.9-0.7-0.8-0.6-0.3-0.4Figure 9: Type Curves for H/Ho Versus Tt/r^2 for Five Values of Storativity



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Soil Headspace and Lab Data

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# Soil Headspace and Lab Data Walstad Oil Lovington, NM

Boring	Date	Depth (feet)	OVM (ppm-v)	TPH (ppm)
B-1	12/24/91	20 39	400 300	
W-1	2/12/92	40 50 60 70 80	332 424 494 477 237	
W-2	3/13/92	40 50	323 314	
W-3	3/13/92	40 50	46 289	
B-4	6/9/92	10 15 25 30 35	586 222 115.7 44.5 15.4	6700 <10
B-5	6/9/92	10 15 20 25 30 35	0.0 76.3 133.9 78.4 28.2 23.4	5800 (diesel) <10
B-6	6/9/92	10 15 20 25 30 35	13.8 168 319 385 240 201	<10 <10
B-7	6/10/92	10 15 20 25 30 35	667 659 275 293 270 268	3400 2500

#### Soil Headspace and Lab Data (page 2) Walstad Oil Lovington, NM

Boring	Date	Depth (feet)	MVO (v-mqq)	TPH (ppm)
B-8	6/10/92	5	7.2	
		10	1.3	<10
B-9	6/10/92	5	260	
		10	276	<10
		15	193	
		20	129.3	
		25	76.2	
		30	30.8	
		35	10.1	<10

OVM - organic vapor meter (headspace analysis) calibrated against 100 ppm-v isobutylene standard.

TPH - total petroleum hydrocarbons (lab analysis) as gasoline unless otherwise noted.

Soil data for boring B-1 and monitoring wells W-1, 2, and 3 derived from investigation report completed by AEI Tank, Inc. April, 1992. All other data obtained by BAI personnel.

Lab Soil Data

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6-18-92 6/17/92

Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory 2403 San Mateo N.E., Suite P-13 Albuquerque, N.M. 87110 (505) 880-1803

Billings and Associates, Inc. 3816 Academy Parkway N.E. Albuquerque, N.M. 87109

Dear Mr. Jim Griswold,

Project = Walstad

Enclosed are the results for the analyses that were requested. These were done according to E.P.A. procedures or the equivalent.

Please don't hesitate to contact me for any additional information or clarifications.

Sincerely,

Jt 4 Halles

Scott Hallenbeck, Lab Manager,

Results for sample : Sample B-4, 10"

Date collected:6/9/92Date received:6/12/92Date extracted:6/13/92Date injected:6/17/92Client:Billings and Associates, Inc. Date received: 6/12/92 HEAL #: 920618-6 Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold Sampled by: Jim Griswold ----

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Compound Amount <u>Units</u> PPM (MG/KG) Gasoline 6,700

DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 101 % • ×

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#### Results for sample : Sample B-4, 35"

Date received: 6/12/92 Date collected: 6/9/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: 920618-7 Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold Sampled by: Jim Griswold

Compound	Amount	Units
Gasoline	<10	PPM (MG/KG)
Diesel	<10	PPM (MG/KG)

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DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 111 %

Dilution Factor = 1

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#### Results for sample : Sample B-5, 20'

Date received: 6/12/92 Date collected: 6/9/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #= 920618-8 Project Name: Walstad Sampled by: Jim Griswold Project Manager: Jim Griswold

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Compound <u>Units</u> Amount PPM (MG/KG) Diesel 5,800

DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 98 %

Dilution Factor = 50

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Results for sample : Sample B-5, 35'

Date received: 6/12/92 Date collected: 6/9/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #= 920618-9 Project Name: Walstad Sampled by: Jim Griswold Project Manager: Jim Griswold \_\_\_\_\_\_

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Compound	Amount	Units
Gasoline	<10	PPM (MG/KG)
Diesel	<10	PPM (MG/KG).

DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 109 % · 문제 : 2 19

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Dilution Factor = 1

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201 15.55  Results for sample : Sample B-6, 25"

Date received: 6/12/92 6/9/92 Date collected: Date injected: 6/17/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: 920618-10 Project Name: Walstad Sampled by= Jim Griswold Project Manager: Jim Griswold

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Compound	Amount	Units
Gasoline	<10	PPM (MG/KG)
Diesel	<10	PPM (MG/KG)

and a second second

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DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 108 % 

Dilution Factor = 1

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Results for sample : Sample B-6, 35"

Date received: 6/12/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Date collected: 6/9/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: 920618-11 Project Name: Walstad Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold Sampled by: Jim Griswold 

Compound	Amount	Units
Gasoline	<10	PPM (MG/KG)
Diesel	<10	PPM (MG/KG)

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DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 105 %

Dilution Factor = 1

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Results for sample = Sample B-7, 10"

Date collected: 6/10/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 Date received: 6/12/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: 920618-12 Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold Sampled by: Jim Griswold Units Amount Compound in a sugar 3,400 PPM (MG/KG) Gasoline DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 101 % Dilution Factor = 100 6 n na sana na sa 1.1 -ALLS A and the state of t Mar Sugar Sugar مسياسة فالمتحاصين وشارا المتعاملة فستتوه الرقاية (a) Constraints and the constraint of the con

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Results for sample = Sample B-7, 30'

Date received: 6/12/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Date collected: 6/10/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 D Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. Project Name: Walstad HEAL #: 920618-13 Project Manager: Jim Griswold Sampled by: Jim Griswold -----Compound Amount Units Gasoline 2,500 PPM (MG/KG) DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 106 % in the second 4.449 and the second second Dilution Factor = 10 a and a second secon Carlo and a state of the state 1963 Alan Saraharan Sarah the second s مى دەرىيە تەرىپى مەرىپىيە يەرىپى بەرىپى مەرىپى مەرىپى ئېچىلەر ئەرىلىدى بەرىپى مەرىپى بەرىپى مەرىپى مەرىپى بەرىپى an the statement sector of the table ารในปี ยากกระดีน และที่ไปหมือหน้ามาสาว และสำนักเป็นเป็น เห็นไปได้ได้ได้ได้ได้มีการแก่ได้ได้ได้ได้มีการและสาวไป 1. และสาวสาวสาวสาวสาวไม่ แต่นั้วการสาวสาวไห้เห็นสาวสาวประกับ และการสาวสาวสาวไห้ เป็นไปได้ สาวไปสาวไปสาวไปเรื่อง الم. يوجد المحالية في المحالية الم

#### Results for sample : Sample B-8, 10"

Date collected: 6/10/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92 Date received: 6/12/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: 920618-14 Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold Sampled by: Jim Griswold

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Compound	Amount	۹.,	<u>Unit</u>	<u>:s</u>
Gasoline	<10	. •	PPM	(MG/KG)
Diesel	<10	2 is <sup>2</sup>	PPM	(MG/KG)

DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 101 % 

Dilution Factor = 1

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#### Results for sample = Sample B-9, 10"

Date collected:6/10/92Date received:6/12/92Date extracted:6/13/92Date injected:6/17/92Client:Billings and Associates, Inc.Project Name:WalstadHEAL #: 920618-15Project Manager:Jim GriswoldSampled by:

Compound	Amount	Units
Gasoline	<10	PPM (MG/KG)
Diesel	<10	PPM (MG/KG)

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The indistances

DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 111 &

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And the state of t

Dilution Factor = 1

Results for sample = Sample B-9, 35"

Date received: 6/12/92 Date collected: \_6/10/92 Date extracted: \_\_6/13/92 Date injected: 6/17/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: 920618-16 Project Name: Walstad Sampled by: Jim Griswold Project Manager: Jim Griswold

Ì	Compound	Amount	Units
	Gasoline	<10	PPM (MG/KG)
	Diesel	<b>¢10</b>	PPM (MG/KG)

DNOP (Surrogate): Recovery = 105 %

Dilution Factor = 1

والمتعام التراري

#### Resurt Results for QC: Reagent Blank المراجعة المتنفذ والم

Date injected: 6/16/92 Date extracted= 6/13/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: RB 6/13 Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold • • • • • • • • 23 - tet<sub>oro</sub>

KG)
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#### DNOP (Surrogate) Recovery = 79 %

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and Speed and shall be agend a side a setting and the set

Results for QC: Matrix Spike/Matris Spike Dup

Date injected: 6/17/92 Date extracted= 6/13/92 Date extracted: 6/13/92: Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold Date Injected: 0/1// HEAL #: MS/MSD 6/16 A., المراجعة (مراجع) محمد المراجعة (مراجع مراجع)

Compound	Sample Result	Amount Added	Matrix <u>Spike MS <del>&amp;</del></u>	MS Dup 1	MSD & R	PD
Diesel	<10	50	44 88	42	84	5

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CLIENT:	-			PROJEC	T MANAGER:			ANA	LYS	S E S	EQL	JEST			
Billings +	Assuc.	INC.		ゴ	1 GRISWO	ور			ľ	╞	ŀ		-		
ADDRESS:				PHONE #											SAMPLES COLD:
3816 Aczdan	J LALIN	三日		34	5-1116				(C	NO				ACE	(V OR N)
AILS. NH	87169			FAX #:				(	MOI					'DSP	
				34	5-1756			(209	910	IIBM				∕зн	
<b>PROJECT NAME:</b>	ũ	AMPLER:		PROJEC	T #:			) 38 10D	3 00	001				HOS	
Walstack	7	بخالكال	Jolel					ITEM TTM -	нтзи	HGT 4		ALY		ן) 88רב	
DATE TIME	MATRIX	SAN	APLE I.D	.NO.	NUMBER/ VOLUME	PRESE HgCl2 H	RVATIVE CI OTHER	) ХЭТ8 - ХЭТ8	N) HAT	- X∃T8	10 109	10 209		UЯ ЛІА И ЯО Ү)	HEAL #
Gleba Later	îv V	2-11	101		10402				7						9-812026
clate Initio		スーム	251						7						1
12112 11121	- Vor	215	201						7						8-
6/5/52 14/120	- ias	5-20	351						7						6-
6/4/52 1/0:40	Soil	3-6	221						7		_				01-
C-14/52 16140	- Seil	B-6	35 1						7	+					=
6/10/32 9:26	Soil	8-7	101						7				_		-12
6/10/92 5:30	Serl	B -7	30'		_				7						-13
6/10/22 10:40	Seil	B-8	10,						7	-+					- 14
6/10/52 12: 00	Soi	6-2	ر ار				_		7	-	+		-		-15
6/19/2 12:23	361	B-9	35'		~				2	-+			+		-16
								_		$\neg$	$\neg$		_		t -
RELINQUISHED BY	r: (Signature)	DAT	۰	TIME:	RECEIVED	BY:		REMA	RKS:						
		c/i	25/5	1345	Chuie Sp	respec	R								
RELINQUISHED BY	f: (Signature)	DAT	ü	TIME:	RECEIVED	BY:									
· ·															
					2 222 22										

**Boring Logs** 

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### **BORING LOG**





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# Billings & Associates, Inc.

### **BORING LOG**

Borring No.: B-4       Code       Code (ym)       PID Field Data (ppm)       Lab Data TPH       Description         21	Project No.: Walstad C	)il Com	pany		Installation Date: 6/9/92
Depth     Profile     Coder     PID Field     Lab Data TPH     Description       21	Boring No.: B-4			[	Location: In excavation North of Station
21	Depth Profile (ft) Sketch	Odor (y/n)	PID Field Data (ppm)	Lab Data TPH (ppm)	Description
23       23       24       25       25       27       26       27       26       27       27       27       28       27       28       27       28       29       27       29       27       28       27       29       27       20       27       20       27       20 <td< td=""><td>21 — <sup>2</sup> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>15</td></td<>	21 — <sup>2</sup> · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				15
24       Y       115.7         25       Y       115.7         26       Y       115.7         27       Y       14.5         29       Y       14.5         30       Y       14.5         30       Y       14.5         31       Y       14.5         32       Y       15.4         33       Y       15.4         36       Y       15.4         37       Y       15.4         38       Y       15.4         39       Y       40         * Field Monitoring Point       Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'	23				caliche as above with small tan silty stringers
25       Y       115.7         26       Y       115.7         27       Y       44.5         29       Y       44.5         30       Y       44.5         30       Fine sand, tan, dry         32       Image: Sandy tan, dry         33       Image: Sandy tan, dry         34       Image: Sandy tan, dry         35       Image: Sandy tan, dry         36       Image: Sandy tan, dry         37       Image: Sandy tan, dry         38       Image: Sandy tan, dry         39       Image: Sandy tan, dry         40       Image: Sandy tan, dry         * Field Monitoring Point       Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'	24 <u> </u>			·	
26	25	Y	115.7		
27	26				
28       Y       44.5         30	27				caliche
29					
30		Y	44.5		
31 ine sand, tan, dry   32   33   34   35   36   37   38   40   * Field Monitoring Point Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'					
32       33         33       34         34       35         35       15.4         36       1         37       1         38       1         39       1         40       sandstone, auger refusal         * Field Monitoring Point       Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'	37				ine sand, tan, dry
34	33				
35       N       15.4       <10	34				
36	35	N	15.4	<10	
37	36				
38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       38       39       30 <td< td=""><td>37 4</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>fine sand as above, with 20% hard caliche</td></td<>	37 4				fine sand as above, with 20% hard caliche
39       39       sandstone, auger refusal         40       sandstone, auger refusal         * Field Monitoring Point       Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'	38				
40     sandstone, auger refusal       * Field Monitoring Point     Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'	39				
* Field Monitoring Point Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'	40				sandstone, auger refusal
	* Field Monitoring Poi	nt			Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40'



### **BORING LOG**





# Billings & Associates, Inc.

### **BORING LOG**

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	Project No Boring No	.: Walstad C .: B-5	oil Com	bany		Installation Date: 6/9/92 Location: SE corner of West excavation pit
	Depth (ft)	Profile Sketch	Odor (y/n)	PID Field Data (ppm)	Lab Data TPH (ppm)	Description
	21 — 22 —					
	23					
	24			70.4		caliche with small amounts of slity sand
	25		Y	/8.4		
	26					
	27					
	28					
	29					
	30		N	28.2		grading from caliche to fine sand
	31				-	
	32					
	33					fine silty sand
	34					it.
	35	a <u></u> ]a	N	23.4	<10	
	36					hard caliche with rock-like fragments
	37	0				
	38					
	39					
	40		•			sandstone, auger refusal
	* Field M	Ionitoring Po	int			Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 40.5'
L				74553		



### **BORING LOG**





### **BORING LOG**





### **BORING LOG**





### **BORING LOG**





# Billings & Associates, Inc.

### **BORING LOG**

Project No Boring No	o.: Walstad C .: B-8	Dil Com	bany		Installation Date: 6/10/92 Location: SW corner of property
Depth (ft)	Profile Sketch	Odor (y/n)	PID Field Data (ppm)	Lab Data TPH (ppm)	Description
1		N			topsoil
3					
4 <u> </u>		N	7.2		
6					
7	يە. يار				caliche with hard fragments
8					
10		N	1.3	<10	
11					
12					
13		N			refusal
14 —					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					
* Field N	Ionitoring Po	oint			Water Table: Not Intercepted Completion Depth: 13.5'



### **BORING LOG**





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# Billings & Associates, Inc.

### **BORING LOG**

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Project No.: Walstad Oil Company Boring No.: B-9					Installation Date: 6/10/92 Location: NW corner of property
Depth (ft)	Profile Sketch	Odor (y/n)	PID Field Data (ppm)	Lab Data TPH (ppm)	Description
21 — 22 —					
23					
24					
25		Y	76.2		caliche
26					
27					
28					
29					
30		N	30.8		
31					
32					
33					fine grained sand, light brown
34					
35		N	10.1	<10	
36					
37					
38					sandstone, refusal
39					
40					
* Field N	VIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIIII	oint	<u> </u>	Water Table: Not Intercepted	



### **BORING LOG**





### **BORING LOG**





### **BORING LOG**

Page 3 of 4





# Billings & Associates, Inc.

# **BORING LOG**

Page 4 of 4

Project No Boring No.	.: Walstad C .: W-4	il Com	bany	Installation Date: 6/23/92 Location: SW corner of property	
Depth (ft)	Profile Sketch	Odor (y/n)	PID Field Data (ppm)	Lab Data TPH (ppm)	Description
61 — 62 — 63 —					medium to fine sand, light brown to tan with ~15% silt
64					
65		N			
66					
67					
68					
69					
70					A.
71					
72				-	
73					
74					
75					
76					
77					
78					
79					
80					
* Field N	Ionitoring Po	int			Water Table: 60' Completion Depth: 65'



### **BORING LOG**





## **BORING LOG**





### **BORING LOG**





### **BORING LOG**

Page 3 of 4





# **BORING LOG**

Page 4 of 4

Project No.: Walstad C Boring No.: W-5	Dil Com	bany	Installation Date: 6/23/92 Location: NW corner of property	
Depth Profile (ft) Sketch	Odor (y/n)	PID Field Data (ppm)	Lab Data TPH (ppm)	Description
61 — 62 — 63 — 65 —	N			medium to fine grained sand, medium brown
66				
67				
67				
68				
69				
70				
71				
72				
73				
74 —				
75				
76				
77				
78				
79				
80				
* Field Monitoring Poi	nt			Water Table: 60' Completion Depth: 65'



# **BORING LOG**





## **BORING LOG**





#### **BORING LOG**

Page 3 of 4




# Billings & Associates, Inc.

# **BORING LOG**

Page 4 of 4

Project No.: W-6       Installation Date: 6/23/92         Dapth       Profile       Odor         Profile       Odor       PID Field         Baring No.: W-6       Description       Description         61						
Depth (ft)         Profile Sketch         Odor (y/m)         PID Field Data (ppm)         Lab Data TPH (ppm)         Description           61	Project No.: Walstad Oil Company Boring No.: W-6					
61	ID Field Lab Data T ata (ppm) (ppm)	PID Field Data (ppm	Odor (y/n)	Profile Sketch	Depth (ft)	
62					61 —	
63					62	
64					63	
65					64	
66			N		65	
67					66	
68					67	
69         70         71         72         73         74					68	
70       71       72       73       74					69	
71       72       73       74					70	
72       73       74					71	
73	i e				72	
74					73	
					74 —	
75					75	
76					76	
77					77	
78				•	78	
79					79	
80					80	
* Field Monitoring Point Water Table: 60' Completion Depth: 65'			nt	Monitoring Poi	* Field	



PROJECT NAME: Walstad Oil PROJECT NUMBER: WELL PERMIT NO: BORING /WELL NO: W-4



WELL DETAILS

COMPLETION DATE: 6/23/92 CASING ELEVATION: SURFACE ELEVATION: BY: Jim Griswold

- A. Total depth: 65 feet
- B. Boring Diameter: 4.5 inchesDrilling method: Air Rotary
- C. Casing Length: 55 feet

Material: Threaded PVC

- D. Casing Diameter: 2 inch
- E. Depth to Perforations: 55 feet BGS
- F. Perforated Length: 10 feet
  Perforated Interval: 55 feet to 65 feet
  Perforation Type: Factory slot
  Perforation Size: .020
- G. Surface Seal: 0 foot to 52 feet Seal Material: grout
- H. Pack Seal: 52-54 feet

Seal Material: 1/2" bentonite pellets

I. Gravel Pack: 54 feet to 65 feet

Pack Material: Silica sand

Size: 10-20 mesh

J. Surface Mount: 8" flush mount Remarks:

Billings & Associates, Inc.

an environmental consulting company

PROJECT NAME: Walstad Oil PROJECT NUMBER: WELL PERMIT NO: BORING /WELL NO: W-5 WELL



DETAILS COMPLETION DATE: 6/23/92 CASING ELEVATION: SURFACE ELEVATION: BY: Jim Griswold

- A. Total depth: 65 feet
- B. Boring Diameter: 4.5 inches
  - Drilling method: Air Rotary
- C. Casing Length: 55 feet Material: Threaded PVC
- D. Casing Diameter: 2 inch
- E. Depth to Perforations: 55 feet BGS
- F. Perforated Length: 10 feet
  Perforated Interval: 55 feet to 65 feet
  Perforation Type: Factory slot
  Perforation Size: .020
- G. Surface Seal: 0 foot to 52 feet Seal Material: grout
- H. Pack Seal: 52-54 feet

Seal Material: 1/2" bentonite pellets

I. Gravel Pack: 54 feet to 65 feet

Pack Material: Silica sand

Size: 10-20 mesh

J. Surface Mount: 8" flush mount Remarks:

Billings & Associates, Inc. an environmental consulting company PROJECT NAME: Walstad Oil PROJECT NUMBER: WELL PERMIT NO: BORING /WELL NO: W-6 WELL



DETAILS COMPLETION DATE: 6/23/92 CASING ELEVATION: SURFACE ELEVATION: BY: Jim Griswold

- A. Total depth: 65 feet
- B. Boring Diameter: 4.5 inchesDrilling method: Air Rotary
- C. Casing Length: 55 feet

Material: Threaded PVC

- D. Casing Diameter: 2 inch
- E. Depth to Perforations: 55 feet BGS
- F. Perforated Length: 10 feet
  Perforated Interval: 55 feet to 65 feet
  Perforation Type: Factory slot
  Perforation Size: .020
- G. Surface Seal: 0 foot to 52 feet Seal Material: grout
- H. Pack Seal: 52-54 feet

Seal Material: 1/2" bentonite pellets

I. Gravel Pack: 54 feet to 65 feet Pack Material: Silica sand

Size: 10-20 mesh

J. Surface Mount: 8" flush mount Remarks:

Billings & Associates, Inc.

an environmental consulting company



## Organic Water Quality Data Walstad Oil Lovington, NM

All values are in parts per billion (ppb)

Well	Date	Benzene	Toiuene	Ethyl- benzene	Total Xylenes	MTBE
W-4	6/24/92	200	53	21	40	<5.0
W-5	6/24/92	470	250	41	290	<10
W-6	6/24/92	1400	1200	48	500	<25

Lab Water Data

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Hall Environmental Analysis Laboratory 2403 San Mateo N.E., Suite P-13 Albuquerque, N.M. 87110 (505) 880-1803

Billings and Associates, Inc. 3816 Academy Parkway N.E. Albuquerque, N.M. 87109

Dear Mr. Jim Griswold,

FAX ....

Enclosed are the results for the analyses that were requested. These were done according to E.P.A. procedures or the equivalent.

Please don't hesitate to contact me for any additional information or clarifications.

Sincerely,

Scott Hallenbeck, Lab Manager

6/30/92

#### JUL 01 '92 15:37

5

#### SW APPRAISAL/ADJ CO

## Results for sample : Sample W-4

Date collected:6/24/92Date received:6/25/92Date extracted:NADate injected:6/30/92Client:Billings and Associates.Inc.Project Name:WalstadHEAL #: 920639-LProject Manager:Jim GriswoldSampled by: Jim Griswold

Compound	Amount	Units
MTBE	<5.0	PPB (UG/L)
Benzene	200	PPB (UG/L)
Toluene	53	PPB (UG/L)
Ethyl Benzene	ZI	PPB (UG/L)
Total Xylene	40	PPB (UG/L)
32 ·		

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BFB (Surrogate) Recovery = IUG %

Dilution Factor = Z

Results for sample = Sample W-5

Date Date Clien Proje Proje	collected: 5/2 extracted: NA it: Billings and ect Name: Walsta ect Manager: Jim	14/92 I Associa Id I Griswo	ites, In Iđ	Da Da IC- HE Sa	te rec te înj AL #: mpled	eived= ected= 920639- by= Jin	6/25/9 6/30/9 -2 n Grisw	Z Z aIÆ	
	Compound	Amount		<u>Unit</u>	.5			8	
	MTBE	<10		PPB	(UG/L)	•			
	Benzene	470		PPB	(UG/L)				
-	Toluene	250		PPB	(UG/L)	e - 24			
	Ethyl Benzene	41	5	PEB	(UG/L)				
i.	Total Xylene	290		PPB	(UG/L)	7. 5.	* 11 * 1	а <sup>та</sup> н	
	BFE (Surrogate	) Recove	ry = 10:	18			<u>.</u>	3	ar is africas States

Dilution Factur = 4

#### SW APPRAISAL/ADJ CO

184 P04

Results for sample : Sample W-6.

Date collected: 6/24/92 Date received: Date extracted: NA Date injected: Client: Billings and Associates. Inc. Date received= 6/25/92 Date injected: 6/30/92 Project Name: Walstad HEAL #: 920639-3 Project Manager: Jim Griswold Sampled by: Jim Griswold Units Compound Amount PPB (UG/L) <25 MTBE I\_400 PPB (UG/L) Benzene Taluene E.200 PPB (UG/L) Ethyl Benzene 48 PPB (UG/L)-Total Xylene 500 PPB (UG/L) BFB (Surrogate) Recovery = 99 % and a second sec Difution Factor = 50 a shaqa ta Qarta aa 12. 20

### Results for QC: Reagent Blank

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 $(\sum_{k=k+1}^{n} e^{i \frac{1}{k} \cdot e^{i \frac{1}{k}}} + \sum_{k=1}^{n} e^{i \frac{1}{k} \frac{1}{k}} + \sum_{k=1}^{n} e^{i \frac{1}{k} \frac{1}{k} \cdot e^$ 

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ne en la serie de la serie Notation de la serie de la s

Date extracted: NA Date injected: 6/30/92 Client: Billings and Associates, Inc. HEAL #: RB 6/30 Project Name: Walstad Project Manager: Jim Griswold Compound Amount <u>Units</u> PPB (UG/L) MTBE <2.5 <0.5 PPB (UG/L) Benzene PPB (UG/L) <0.5 Toluene Ethyl Benzene <0.5 PPB (UG/L) <0.5 PPB (UG/L) Total Xylene BFB (Surrogate) Recovery = 90 %

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Date extracted: NADate injected: 6/29/92Client: Billings and Associates, Inc.Project Name: WalstadProject Manager: Jim GriswoldSampled by: NA								
Compound	Sample <u>Result</u>	Amount <u>Added</u>	Blank <u>Spike</u>	<u>BS </u> %	BS Dup	BSD %	<u>RPD</u>	
MTBE	<2.5	40.0	40.0	100	35.2	88	13	
Benzene	<0.5	20.0	19.1	96	18.7	94	2	
Toluene	<0.5	20.0	19.0	95	18-6	92	3	
Ethyl Benzene	<0.5	20.0	19.0	95	18.6	93	Z	
Total Xylene	<0.5	60.0	57-6	96	56.5	94	2	

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Results for QC: Blank Spike/Blank Spike Dup

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## Water Table Elevation and Free Product Data Walstad Oil Lovington, NM

Well	Date	TOC Elevation (feet)	Depth to Water (feet)	Water Table Elevation (feet)
W-1	2/12/92		~1/8" free product (/	AEI Tank)
	6/8/92		>30" free product (E	BAI)
	6/24/92	100.00	>30" free product (E	BAI)
W-2	3/13/92		~1/8" free product (/	AEI Tank)
	6/8/92		>30" free product (È	SAI) <sup>´</sup>
	6/24/92	99.12	>30" free product (E	BAIĴ
W-3	3/13/92		~1/8" free product (/	AEI Tank)
	6/8/92		>30" free product (È	BAI)
	6/24/92	99.13	>30" free product (E	BAIĴ
W-4	6/24/92	99.62	57.04	42.58
W-5	6/24/92	100.41	57.59	42.82
W-6	6/24/92	99.48	56.97	42.51

### TOC - Top of Casing

an analysis and a summary day of a set

All elevations are relative to monitoring well W-1, which was arbitrarily set to to an elevation of 100.00 feet.

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